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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/915,532	07/27/2001	Kouji Kita	0088/002001	9037
22893	7590 11/04/2004		EXAMINER	
SMITH PATENT OFFICE 1901 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE N W SUITE 200 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			SHERALI, ISHRAT I	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2621	

DATE MAILED: 11/04/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary    09/915,532   KOUIJI KITA		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Sherali Ishrat 2621 The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address		09/915,532	KOUIJI KITA
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with th	ne correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	<ul> <li>THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the maximum status.</li> </ul>	NN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply b reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS f atute, cause the application to become ABANDO	e timely filed  days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication.  DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _		
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.	2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ≥ 1		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is	• •		
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11	, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application.	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the applicat	tion.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,8,9 and 14-22</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) 2-7 and 10-13 is/are objected to.	-		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers	Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		•	• •
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.	11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Off	ice Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ul>	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	•	∂(a)-(d) or (f).
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No	<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority docum</li></ol>	ents have been received in Applic	cation No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage	,		eived in this National Stage
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		. , , ,	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.	* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not rece	eived.
Attachment(s)	Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)		4) 🔲 Interview Summ	nary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	2) Dotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Ma	il Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  6) Other:	Paper No(s)/Mail Date		arraidil Application (FTO-192)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Drawings**

1. The drawings are objected to under 37CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in claims. Therefore, the steps of the claimed method must be shown. Drawing does not illustrates any steps of the claims 1-8. No new matter should be entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 3. Claims 14-21 are rejected under 35 USC 101 because claims recite
- "A computer-executable image processing program, performing a process
- of:". Claiming computer-executable image processing program is non-statutory.

Examiner suggest claims should recite "A computer-readable medium, for recording an image processing program, performing a process of:". Examiner would like to point out that claim 22, recites similar limitation, to avoid the double patenting, Applicant is advised to cancel claim 22.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1, 8, 9, 14, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 USC 103 as being unpatentable over Mackinnon et al. (US 6,148, 115) in view of Sathe et al. (US 6,021,216).

Regarding claim 1, 14, and 22 Mackinnon discloses image processing (Mckinnon, in col. 1, lines 7-10, states "image processing for reducing noise);

changing a rate of smoothing of the chromaticity data and rate smoothing of the luminosity data (Mckinnon in col. 14, lines 34-40, states "the resulting edge information is used to smooth luminance and color-difference information. The difference D between the weights of two neighboring pixel which determines the degree of smoothing and the size of the neighboring area N may be differently set, with those for the luminance and color-difference". In the system of Mackinnon this corresponds to changing a rate of smoothing of the chromaticity data [color-difference] and rate smoothing of the luminosity data),

according to the variation of the luminosity data in two-dimensional coordinate space (Mckinnon, in col. 14, lines 33-36, states "edge detection [variation] is made in luminance signal only and the resulting edge information is used to smooth luminance and color-difference information" and also Examiner notes that edge [variation of image pixel] is made up of image pixels which are always in two dimensional coordinate therefore in the system of Mckinnon this corresponds to according to the variation of the luminosity data in two-dimensional coordinate space ).

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Mackinnon have shown separate luminosity and chromaticity data (Mckinnon, col. 14, lines 34-36, Mckinnon is processing luminance and color difference signal [chromaticity]. Mckinnon however have not explicitly disclosed process of separating image data into luminosity and chromaticity data.

In the same field of endeavor Sathe discloses process of seprarating image data into luminosity and chromaticity data (Sathe, in col. 7, lines 4-8, "processor receives image data in RGB space and the processor transform RGB to YUV color space by separating the image signal into luminance and chrominance". In the system of Sathe this corresponds to process of seprarating image data into luminosity and chromaticity data).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made to separate image data into luminosity and chromaticity data from RGB image data as shown by Sathe in the system of Mckinnon because such a process provides reduction of noise of the original RGB image data by independently processing luminosity [intensity] and chromaticity [color] image data.

Regarding claim 8 and 21 Mackinnon discloses the rate of the smoothing of chromaticity and the rate of smoothing of the luminosity data are changed according to a distribution parameter of luminosity data (Mckinnon, in col. 14, lines 33-36, states "edge detection [variation] is made in luminance signal only and the resulting edge information is used to smooth luminance and color-difference information [chrominance]". This corresponds to Mackinnon discloses the rate of the smoothing of

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chromaticity and the rate of smoothing of the luminosity data are changed according to a distribution parameter of luminosity data [edge]).

Regarding claim 9, Mckinnon discloses image processing (Mckinnon, in col. 1, lines 7-10, states "image processing for reducing noise);

a chromaticity noise removing section for smoothing the chromaticity data (Mckinnon in figure 2, blocks 225 and 228 shows horizontal and vertical smoothing units, in col. 14, lines 29-35, states "The same process is performed on both luminance and color difference [chromaticity], edge detection is made in luminance and the resulting edge information is used to smooth both luminance and color difference". In the system of Mckinnon this corresponds to a chromaticity noise removing section for smoothing the chromaticity data);

a luminosity noise removing section for smoothing the luminosity data (Mckinnon in figure 2, blocks 225 and 228 shows horizontal and vertical smoothing units, in col. 14, lines 29-35, states "The same process is performed to both luminance and color difference [chromaticity], edge detection is made in luminance and the resulting edge information is used to smooth both luminance and color difference". In the system of Mckinnon this corresponds to a luminance noise removing section for smoothing the luminance data);

a smoothing rate computing section for computing a variation of luminosity data in two dimensional (Mckinnon, in figure 2, blocks 221, 222 and 224 smoothing rate computing section and in col. 14, lines 33-36, states "edge detection [variation] is made

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in luminance signal only and the resulting edge information is used to smooth both luminance and color-difference information");

computing for each unit area of an image a rate of the smoothing of the chromaticity and rate of smoothing of the luminosity according to variation as outputs to chromaticity and luminosity noise removing section respectively (Mckinnon col. 14, lines 29-35, states "The same process is performed to both luminance and color difference [chromaticity], edge detection is made in luminance and the resulting edge information is used to smooth both luminance and color difference" and Mckinnon shows in figure 2, block 224 smoothing rate computing section [edge determining] which is outputted to smoothing unit blocks 225, 228 and in col. 14, lines 34-40, states "the resulting edge information is used to smooth both luminance and color-difference information. The difference D between the weights of two neighboring pixel which determines the degree of smoothing and the size of the neighboring area N [unit area] may be differently set, with those for the luminance and color-difference". This corresponds to computing for each unit area [neighboring area] of an image a rate of the smoothing of the chromaticity and rate of smoothing of the luminosity according to variation as outputs to chromaticity and luminosity noise removing section respectively).

Mackinnon have shown separate luminosity and chromaticity data (Mckinnon, col. 14, lines 34-36, Mckinnon is processing luminance and color difference signal [chromaticity]. Mckinnon however have not explicitly disclosed section for separating image data into luminosity and chromaticity data.

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In the same field of endeavor Sathe discloses section of seprarating image data into luminosity and chromaticity data (Sathe, in col. 7, lines 4-8, "processor receives image data in RGB space and the processor transform RGB to YUV color space by separating the image signal into luminance and chrominance". In the system of Sathe this corresponds to process of seprarating image data into luminosity and chromaticity data).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made to separate image data into luminosity and chromaticity data from RGB image data as shown by Sathe in the system of Mckinnon because such a process provides reduction of noise of the original RGB image data by independently processing luminosity [intensity] and chromaticity [color] image data.

# Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 2-7, and 10-13, objected as being dependent on reject claim but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

## Communication

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sherali Ishrat whose telephone number is 703-308-9589. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 4:30PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Leo Boudreau can be reached on 703-305-4706. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ishrat Sherali

Patent Examiner

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October 22, 2004

LEO BOUDREAU

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600